DAVID H. ANGELI, OSB No. 020244

david@angelilaw.com

EDWARD A. PIPER, OSB No. 141609

ed@angelilaw.com

ANGELI LAW GROUP LLC

121 S.W. Morrison Street, Suite 400

Portland, Oregon 97204 Telephone: (503) 954-2232 Facsimile: (503) 227-0880

GEORGE D. RUTTINGER, pro hac vice pending

gruttinger@crowell.com

ANUJ VOHRA, pro hac vice pending

avohra@crowell.com

WILLIAM B. O'REILLY, pro hac vice pending

woreilly@crowell.com

CROWELL & MORING LLP

1001 Pennsylvania Ave. NW

Washington, D.C. 20004 Telephone: (202) 624-2500

Facsimile: (202) 628-5116

Attorneys for Plaintiff Siemens Medical Solutions USA, Inc.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

DISTRICT OF OREGON

EUGENE DIVISION

SIEMENS MEDICAL SOLUTIONS USA, INC., a Delaware corporation,

Plaintiff,

v.

WS ACQUISITION, LLC dba WESTERN SHELTER SYSTEMS, an Oregon limited liability company,

Defendant.

Case No. 6:23-cv-01882

COMPLAINT

(Breach of contract)

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff Siemens Medical Solutions USA, Inc. ("Siemens Healthineers") brings this action against Defendant WS Acquisitions, LLC dba Western Shelter Systems ("WSS"). Siemens Healthineers alleges as follows:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. On December 14, 2017, the United States Department of Defense ("DOD") initiated a process to solicit bids from medical imaging manufacturers for a contract to supply the government with up to forty-five (45) computed tomography scanners ("CT scanners") mounted in containers that would enable the U.S. Army, Navy, and Air Force to deploy these medical imaging devices in a variety of clinical and environmental conditions. Upon award of the contract, the DOD issued a press release explaining its purpose was to secure the delivery of state-of-the-art deployable CT scanners for use in austere environments, ensuring DOD personnel receive the best possible care should harm befall them on the battlefield.¹
- 2. The CT scanner uses computer-processed combinations of several x-ray images taken from a variety of angles to produce cross-sectional images focusing on specific areas of the scanned patient. In deployed settings, this technology improves a surgeon's ability to diagnose trauma patients non-invasively in field hospitals—particularly for injuries to the head, abdomen, spine and eye. As the DOD has noted, the contract for deployable CT scanners is critical to the readiness of the Warfighter and the DOD's medical units. As a part of the joint service contract, the U.S. Army, Navy, and Air Force worked together to standardize their respective requirements for CT scanners in the deployed setting.
- 3. After a competitive selection process, in May 2019, the DOD's Defense Logistics Agency ("DLA") awarded the deployable CT contract valued at over \$40 million to Siemens Healthineers for its SOMATOM go.Top Deployable CT.

¹ See <u>USAMMDA</u> - <u>US Army Awarded Contract for Joint Deployable Computerized</u> Scanner (health.mil) (last visited December 13, 2023).

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- 4. This case involves WSS' failure to comply with the terms of multiple agreements with Siemens Healthineers related to the Deployable CT contract Siemens Healthineers holds with DLA.
- 5. Per the terms of the Siemens Healthineers-WSS agreements, WSS was to serve as Siemens Healthineers' system integrator. That is, WSS would be responsible for integrating Siemens Healthineers' CT devices into mobilized shipping container units ("shelters")—either newly manufactured or refurbished by WSS—as well as performing any related engineering work.
- 6. WSS' performance failures began almost immediately after DLA's contract award to Siemens Healthineers. In September 2019—just four months after DLA's award— WSS informed Siemens Healthineers it would be unable to provide an integrated shelter to Siemens Healthineers to deliver to DLA for First Article Testing ("FAT"). Siemens Healthineers incurred significant costs negotiating a new schedule with DLA as a result of that failure.
 - 7. By late December 2019, WSS had stopped all required integration work.
- 8. DLA has ordered 24 integrated shelters since the May 2019 Contract award (Siemens Healthineers has delivered 22 thus far). WSS failed to provide integration services for a single one.
- 9. As a result of WSS' performance failures, Siemens Healthineers has suffered damages in myriad forms, including but not limited to delay costs owed to DLA, additional unitpricing costs Siemens Healthineers was forced to incur working with a replacement integrator, and in repair costs to the government-issued shelter Siemens Healthineers provided to WSS for FAT, which WSS initially refused to return, and badly damaged.

10. All of those costs, which will continue to accrue for the additional 21 containers DLA may still order, are detailed below. Siemens Healthineers brings this lawsuit to recover all damages it has incurred and will incur as a result of WSS' performance failures, and to recover the reasonable attorneys' fees and costs it incurs in bringing this action.

THE PARTIES

- 11. Siemens Healthineers is a privately held Delaware corporation with headquarters in Chester County, Pennsylvania. Siemens Healthineers designs, manufactures, and distributes medical equipment including, relevant to this litigation, CT scanning devices.
- 12. WSS is a privately held Oregon limited liability company with its headquarters in Lane County, Oregon. WSS designs and manufactures mobile shelters and field support systems.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 13. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over Siemens Healthineers' claims based on diversity of citizenship under 28 U.S.C. § 1332.
- 14. Venue is proper within this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1) because Defendant WSS is an Oregon corporation with its principal place of business in Eugene, Oregon.

FACTS

- I. Siemens Healthineers and WSS Agree to Team to Respond to a Department of **Defense Solicitation for Deployed CT Systems**
- 15. On December 14, 2017, DLA issued Request for Offer No. DLA-FSDA-RFO-12142017 for Deployable CT Systems (the "RFO"). Through the RFO, DLA sought a standardized supplier for Deployable CT Systems from which DLA customers in each Armed Service Branch could then purchase equipment. The RFO included an option for the DLA to purchase up to 45 Deployable CT units from the selected vendor. Ex. 1, Request for Offers.

- 16. Following release of the RFO, Siemens Healthineers and WSS entered into negotiations regarding a potential partnership in pursuing the RFO opportunity. On January 24, 2018, the parties executed a Non-Disclosure Agreement ("NDA") governing the exchange of confidential information as part of such negotiations.
- 17. On March 1, 2018, WSS and Siemens Healthineers executed a Teaming Agreement under which Siemens Healthineers was to act as the Team Leader and would submit a proposal for the prime contract to be awarded by DLA. If and when Siemens Healthineers received a prime contract, the Teaming Agreement contemplated that Siemens Healthineers would issue purchase orders to WSS subject to terms and conditions of a separate subcontract between the Parties, the key terms of which would be negotiated concurrently with the preparation of the Parties' response to the RFO. Ex. 2, Teaming Agreement.
- 18. These agreed-upon key terms were executed via a Term Sheet on March 6, 2018, with, payment, technical, and delivery terms, including the following binding price term: "Integrator will be paid the per-Unit fixed prices for the Integrator Project Deliverables supplied to DLA pursuant to the RFO and set forth in Exhibit B." Exhibit B, in turn, provided that Siemens Healthineers would pay WSS a per-unit price of \$166,869.13 for each integration (the "Integration Price"), as well as an additional per-unit price of \$177,635.84 in instances where WSS would be furnishing a newly-fabricated (as opposed to refurbished) shelter (the "Three in one Container Price"), each subject to annual escalation. The term sheet also confirmed WSS' commitment to provide up to the full 45 Deployable CT units contemplated by the RFO by prescribing payment terms "for any Project Deliverable Units 1-45[.]" Ex. 3, Term Sheet.
- 19. On May 24, 2018, WSS signed Addendum #1 to the Term Sheet. In relevant part, Addendum #1 increased the Integration Price to \$175,614.13 (subject to annual escalation).

Addendum #1 also confirmed that this unit pricing would be inclusive of surface transportation and insurance to the destination selected by DLA for delivery. Ex. 4, Addendum #1 to Term Sheet.

- 20. Siemens Healthineers submitted a proposal in response to the RFO to DLA on March 12, 2018.
- 21. On April 1, 2019, during the selection process, DLA issued a negotiation letter to Siemens Healthineers seeking a reduction from the prices Siemens Healthineers had proposed. In response, Siemens Healthineers requested a price reduction from WSS, and WSS agreed to a revised pricing worksheet to replace the pricing in Addendum #1. This worksheet reduced the Integration Price and the Three in one Container Price to \$172,101.85 and \$174,971.30, respectively, and also reflected pricing for a "Power distribution package" at \$24,084.48 (all subject to annual escalation). Ex. 5, Multiyear Pricing Worksheet.

II. DLA Awards the Contract to Siemens Healthineers; Siemens Healthineers Issues Multiple Purchase Orders to WSS for Container Integration

- 22. On May 6, 2019, DLA selected Siemens Healthineers as its Deployable CT vendor and issued Delivery Order No. SPE2D1-19-F-0303 to Siemens Healthineers for production of a unit for FAT utilizing a government-supplied shelter. This delivery order required delivery within 120 days of receipt of the government-supplied shelter. The shelter to be used for FAT was delivered to WSS on May 24, 2019, resulting in a delivery deadline of September 25, 2019.
- 23. On June 13, 2019, Siemens Healthineers issued Purchase Order No. 5333478 to WSS with a total order value of \$366,892.37 ("Purchase Order"). Consistent with the pricing previously agreed upon by the Parties, this order value included \$171,428.57 for non-recurring engineering costs of integration, \$172,101.85 for integration of Siemens Healthineers' CT

scanner into the shelter, and \$23,361.95 for power distribution. The Purchase Order contained the following language:

This Siemens Medical Solutions USA, Inc. Purchase Order, for the products and services described herein at the stated prices and terms, is subject to your acceptance of the terms and conditions, located at: http://www.usa.siemens.com/SupplierStandards. Supplier must provide immediate notification in writing to Siemens of any part changes to the product, service, or internal process for any item covered by this Purchase Order.

Ex. 6, Purchase Order No. 533478.

- 24. The above-referenced terms and conditions provided that the Parties' rights and obligations would be governed by Pennsylvania law, and that Siemens Healthineers would be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees in the event it was necessary to bring suit to enforce performance of any provision of the agreement of the which the terms and conditions were part.

 Ex. 7, Siemens Medical Solutions USA, Inc. Terms and Conditions for Purchase of Goods and/or Services.
- 25. At no point did WSS object, take exception, or otherwise attempt to negotiate the terms of the Purchase Order, including any provisions of Siemens Healthineers' standard terms and conditions referenced therein.
- III. WSS Fails to Fulfill its Obligations Under the Purchase Orders, Requiring Siemens Healthineers to Make Multiple Concessions to DLA in Exchange for Schedule Adjustments
- 26. On June 12, 2019, WSS provided Siemens Healthineers with a project plan timeline estimating that it would not complete its work on the government-furnished shelter to be submitted for FAT until October 14, 2019. (Siemens Healthineers expected WSS to have this work completed by September 1, 2019.) Because WSS' project plan already missed the September 25, 2019 delivery date required by DLA, and did not include certain operations

required to be performed by Siemens Healthineers prior to delivery, Siemens Healthineers was forced to negotiate with DLA for a schedule extension of First Article delivery to November 25, 2019.

- 27. Siemens Healthineers received additional delivery orders from DLA on July 15, August 1, and August 12, 2019, for a total of six units, inclusive of the First Article. Siemens Healthineers subsequently issued additional purchase orders to WSS on August 20 and August 22, 2019, for a total of five units, inclusive of the First Article. (In light of WSS' deteriorating performance discussed below, Siemens Healthineers chose to delay issuing a purchase order for the sixth unit.) Each subsequent purchase order was subject to the same terms and conditions referenced above. Ex. 8, Additional WSS Purchase Orders.
- 28. Throughout the fall of 2019, WSS repeatedly failed to meet scheduled delivery deadlines, requiring Siemens Healthineers to negotiate additional extensions with DLA for both the FAT unit and subsequently-ordered units, the delivery of which was contingent upon Siemens Healthineers passing FAT.
- 29. As consideration for the various schedule extensions necessitated by WSS' delays in performance, Siemens Healthineers ultimately provided DLA and its customers trainings, extended warranties, and other concessions valued at approximately \$344,410.

IV. WSS Repudiates its Obligations Under the Term Sheet and Purchase Orders; Siemens Healthineers Terminates WSS for Default

- 30. While WSS was ostensibly working on the unit to be submitted for FAT, the Parties were also engaged in negotiations over a definitive subcontract.
- 31. On May 17, 2019, Siemens Healthineers sent WSS a draft Manufacturing Services Agreement ("MSA"), to which the Parties exchanged proposed revisions and additions over the following months.

- 32. On October 16, 2019, during a meeting between Party representatives, WSS for the first time requested a separate agreement to cover the scope of the design and engineering work. WSS did not, however, attempt to revisit the fixed price of \$171,428.57 the Parties had previously agreed to for these services.
- 33. At this same meeting, WSS asserted that it would not work directly with Artemis Shielding ("Artemis"), a supplier of radiation shielding materials included in Siemens Healthineers' proposal to DLA. WSS did so despite having previously acknowledged that its fixed-unit pricing was inclusive of such shielding materials. As a result, Siemens Healthineers was forced to negotiate its own separate supplier agreement with Artemis, incurring shielding costs that should have been borne by WSS.
- 34. As for its request for a separate agreement with Siemens Healthineers to cover design and engineering work, WSS never provided a proposal for such an agreement.

 Accordingly, on October 31, 2019, Siemens Healthineers provided a draft Engineering Services Agreement ("ESA") to WSS' counsel.
- 35. On December 6, 2019, following additional back-and-forth between the parties, WSS indicated that if the parties had not executed an MSA and ESA by December 13, 2019, it would cease all integration work required by Siemens Healthineers' Purchase Orders.
- 36. Siemens Healthineers responded to WSS' ultimatum by expressing concern about the potential adverse impacts of a work stoppage on both Siemens Healthineers' contract with DLA, as well as the Parties' ability to successfully negotiate the outstanding agreements.

 Siemens Healthineers also explained that WSS had delayed subcontract negotiations by failing to provide comments or revisions on the ESA in a timely manner.

- 37. Also on December 6, 2019—one week prior to its self-imposed deadline to execute both agreements—WSS provided proposed revisions to the ESA that included increased non-recurring engineering ("NRE") costs that now totaled nearly \$900,000, as opposed to the \$171,428.57 agreed to in the Term Sheet.
- 38. After Siemens Healthineers attempted to negotiate on WSS' additional proposed NRE costs, WSS, via counsel, represented that "what has been proposed in terms of economics is being rejected in full." Though its position directly contravened the Term Sheet to which the Parties had originally agreed, WSS stated it would engage in no further negotiations until the basic economics of the agreement were revised.
- 39. On January 9, 2020, counsel for WSS confirmed that WSS had stopped all integration work required under the purchase orders Siemens Healthineers had previously issued as of December 18, 2019.
- 40. On March 2, 2020, Siemens Healthineers notified WSS via letter that it was terminated for default pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Order.

V. WSS Refuses to Return the Government-Issued Shelter to Siemens Healthineers **Following the Default Termination**

41. Upon terminating WSS for default, Siemens Healthineers requested that WSS return the government-furnished shelter being prepared for FAT. Despite the shelter being the undisputed property of the United States government, WSS rebuffed two attempts by Siemens Healthineers to recover it, demanding Siemens Healthineers first pay \$684,053, representing costs allegedly incurred by WSS on the project to date. Only after counsel for Siemens Healthineers, by letter dated March 31, 2020, explained that the improper withholding of government property may constitute a violation of federal criminal law, did WSS relent. As a

result of WSS' intransigence, Siemens Healthineers incurred approximately \$31,724 in costs for recovery of the shelter.

- 42. Due to the delay in recovering the shelter, DLA delivered a second shelter for the First Article to Siemens Healthineers' replacement subcontractor. Upon recovery of the original shelter from WSS, Siemens Healthineers arranged for its return to the government, which determined that remediation for damage inflicted was necessary, resulting in an estimated additional \$50,600 in costs to Siemens Healthineers.
- VI. Siemens Healthineers is Forced to Engage a Replacement Contractor for WSS' Integration Work at Significantly Increased Cost
- 43. As a result of WSS' default, Siemens Healthineers was forced to find a replacement subcontractor to perform WSS' integration work to ensure Siemens Healthineers complied with its own obligations under its contract with DLA.
- 44. Accordingly, on February 21, 2020, Siemens Healthineers executed an agreement with Gichner Systems Group, Inc. ("Gichner") to serve as Siemens Healthineers' replacement for WSS. Gichner required Siemens Healthineers to place an initial order of ten units (despite DLA only having ordered six to that point) before Gichner would agree to serve as Siemens Healthineers' integrator. Gichner subsequently required Siemens Healthineers to commit to another bulk purchase of 15 units. Siemens Healthineers, facing a potential default on its contract with DLA, had no choice but to do so. Accordingly, although DLA has only ordered 24 units to date, Siemens Healthineers is committed to Gichner for the cost of 26.
- 45. Gichner charged Siemens Healthineers \$223,618.00 for integration of the FAT unit using the government-provided shelter. For units 1-10 following the FAT unit, Gichner required Siemens Healthineers to agree to a per-unit price (including the required integration services, the cost of a new shelter, and power distribution) of \$614,597, an increase of more than

\$200,000 as compared to WSS' per-unit price. For units 11-26, Gichner required Siemens Healthineers to agree to a per-unit price of \$616,354. Moreover, Gichner required Siemens Healthineers to place an initial order of ten units (despite DLA only having ordered six to that point) before Gichner would agree to serve as Siemens Healthineers' integrator. Siemens Healthineers, facing a potential default on its contract with DLA, had no choice but to do so.

- 46. Despite Gichner's higher per-unit costs, the scope of Gichner's services was nevertheless narrower than WSS', and did not include the costs for shielding materials supplied by Artemis or transportation costs for the completed units, costs that were originally included in WSS' per-unit pricing.
- 47. To date, Siemens Healthineers has spent approximately \$450,000 for Artemis shielding materials and \$100,000 for transportation and delivery of the completed units.
- 48. On November 20, 2021, the U.S. Air Force notified DLA of its acceptance of a first delivery unit; DLA subsequently authorized Siemens Healthineers to begin delivery of all previously and subsequently ordered units.
 - 49. To date, DLA has ordered 24 units in total, inclusive of the FAT unit.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Default and Breach of Contract)

- 50. Siemens Healthineers repeats and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, the allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
- 51. Pursuant to the March 6, 2018 Term Sheet, as amended, WSS contracted to provide integrated shelters to Siemens Healthineers at a fixed price if included in a purchase order issued by DLA.

- 52. WSS accepted each purchase order issued by Siemens Healthineers by performing thereunder, including the terms and conditions incorporated therein by reference.
- 53. Pursuant to these terms and conditions, WSS is liable to Siemens Healthineers for any excess cost incurred by Siemens Healthineers to secure the manufacture and delivery of substitute goods in the event of default by WSS.
- 54. For purposes of the foregoing, default includes, but is not limited to, WSS' failure to deliver completed goods within the time specified.
- By repudiating its obligations under the Term Sheet and each of the purchase 55. orders, WSS defaulted in its obligations to timely deliver the required goods. Siemens Healthineers is therefore entitled to its excess costs in an amount to be proven at trial, including, but not limited to:
 - a. \$5.4 million in excess reprocurement costs paid to Gichner for the 26 deployable CT units ordered by Siemens Healthineers, of which 24 have been ordered by DLA and 22 have been delivered by Siemens Healthineers, to date:
 - b. \$450,000 in costs paid to Artemis Shielding to date;
 - c. \$350,000 in consideration provided to DLA for schedule adjustments resulting from WSS' inability to meet the originally required date for FAT;
 - d. \$100,000 in transportation costs for delivery of completed Deployable CT systems to DLA and its customers to date;
 - e. \$55,600 in costs to remediate the DLA-provided shelter; and
 - f. Up to \$5 million in additional excess reprocurement costs Siemens Healthineers will incur to deliver the remaining 21 units DLA may still order under the terms of the RFO.

JURY DEMAND

Siemens Healthineers hereby demands a trial by jury as to all issues so triable in 56. this action.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Siemens Healthineers prays for relief as follows:

- An award of damages, including but not limited to economic damages, as 1. permitted by law and in amounts to be proven at trial;
- 2. The reasonable attorneys' fees and costs that Siemens Healthineers incurs in bringing this action;
 - 3. Pre- and post-judgment interest as allowed by law; and
 - 4. Such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

DATED this 13th day of December, 2023.

By: s/Edward A. Piper

> DAVID H. ANGELI, OSB No. 020244 david@angelilaw.com EDWARD A. PIPER, OSB No. 141609 ed@angelilaw.com ANGELI LAW GROUP LLC 121 SW Morrison Street, Suite 400 Portland, OR 97204

Telephone: (503) 954-2232 Facsimile: (503) 227-0880

GEORGE D. RUTTINGER, pro hac vice pending gruttinger@crowell.com ANUJ VOHRA, pro hac vice pending avohra@crowell.com WILLIAM B. O'REILLY, pro hac vice pending woreilly@crowell.com CROWELL & MORING LLP 1001 Pennsylvania Ave. NW Washington, D.C. 20004

Telephone: (202) 624-2500 Facsimile: (202) 628-5116

Attorneys for Plaintiff Siemens Medical Solutions USA, Inc.